1	BEFORE THE
2	ILLINOIS COMMERCE COMMISSION
3	PUBLIC UTILITIES REGULAR OPEN MEETING
4	Thursday, April 15, 2021
5	Chicago, Illinois
6	
7	Met pursuant to notice via videoconference
8	at 11:30 a.m. at 160 North LaSalle Street, Chicago,
9	Illinois.
10	
11	CARRIE ZALEWSKI, Chairwoman (via Chicago Office)
12	
13	D. ETHAN KIMBREL, Commissioner (via Chicago Office)
14	(Via cilicago dilice)
15	MARIA S. BOCANEGRA, Commissioner (via videoconference)
16	(Via Videocomerence)
17	MICHAEL T. CARRIGAN, Commissioner (via Chicago Office)
18	(Via Chicago Office)
19	
20	
21	BRIDGES COURT REPORTING
22	BY: Stephen Mortensen, Notary Public

1 Under the Open CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: 2 Meetings Act and in accordance with the Governor's 3 Executive Orders, I call the April 15, 2021, 4 Regular Open Meeting to order. 5 Before we proceed, for clarity of 6 the record, I would ask everyone to state their 7 name before speaking and to speak slowly and 8 clearly so that the court reporter can capture 9 everything that is said. 10 I have checked. We have all four 11 commissioners with us; we have a quorum. 12 We have 19 requests to speak today. 13 Under 2 Illinois Administrative Code Section 14 1700.10, any person desiring to address the 15 Commission shall be allowed up to three minutes. 16 However, Subsection D of the same section requires 17 that the total time for presentations at any 18 meetings shall be limited to 30 minutes unless a 19 commissioner moves for, and the Commission 20 approves, a longer period to give everyone a fair 21 chance to speak. I would like to motion the 22 commissioners to allow extending the public

```
1
   speaking beyond 30 minutes. That will allow all 19
2
    speakers to have their full three minutes to
3
   present to the Commission. Is there a second?
4
          COMMISSIONER CARRIGAN: Chairman, Mike
5
   Carrigan. I second that.
6
          CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Are there any
7
   objections to extending the public speaking period
8
   beyond 30 minutes?
9
                    (No verbal response.)
10
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the
11
   public speaking period is extended. I would ask
12
   everyone to mute their lines if they're not
13
   speaking, we're hearing a little bit of feedback.
14
   Thank you.
15
                     With that, let's proceed to the
   public comments going in order that we received the
16
17
   requests to speak. We'll hear from the following
18
    19 people. First: Beau Barber. Second: Nicholis
19
   Hall. 3rd: Ronald J. Hamm. 4th: Eddie Pratt, Jr.
20
   Fifth: Kyle Auer. Sixth: Benjamin Theobald.
   Seventh: Sarah Blanco. Eighth: Karla J.
21
22
   Bailey-Smith. Ninth: Zhenya Polozova. Tenth:
```

1 Priscilla Resendiz. 11th: Emiliano Vera. 12th: 2 Allan Max Axelrod. 13th: Krystle Able. 14th: 3 Jessica Motsinger. 15th: Dat Luu. 16th: Mark 4 Girdler. 17th: Whitney Proffitt. 18th: Cameron 5 Joseph Williams, and 19th: David Zoltan. 6 Under 2 Illinois Administrative 7 Code Section 1700.10, any person desiring to 8 address the Commission shall be allowed up to three 9 minutes. My policy adviser, Tanya Rabczak, will 10 keep time which will be up on the screen. Only one 11 person may speak on behalf of any organization. 12 Please note that the Commission 13 will not respond directly to any comments. 14 Anyone wishing to provide further comment may 15 submit a written statement to the Commission. 16 The written comments may be submitted by going to the ICC website, ICC.Illinois.gov. Go to the 17 18 e-Docket system, then look for Docket No. 20-0309. 19 And in that docket, click the "File a Comment" 20 You can also call the ICC Consumer Services link. Division at (800) 524-0795, and they can help you 21 22 submit a comment.

1 First, Mr. Beau Barber. Are you 2 there? 3 MR. BARBER: Yes. I'm here. 4 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: I can barely hear you. 5 If you could turn up your volume, that would be 6 helpful. Please state and spell your name and then 7 once you start speaking the timer will begin. 8 MR. BARBER: Can you hear me now? 9 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: That's much better. 10 Thank you. 11 MR. BARBER: Okay. My name is Beau Barber, 12 B-E-A-U and then B-A-R-B-E-R. I'm a Democratic 13 Precinct committee person in the Champaign County 14 Democratic Party for the Ogden 1 Precinct. And I'm 15 here today to talk about continued concerns over 16 utility shutoffs. 17 I don't know why I couldn't submit them that last time, but I'll try it again for the 18 19 public -- written public comments submitted to the 20 docket, including the utility shutoffs database that I've compiled, and will continue to compile, 21 22 as it continuously grows. And it's a living

testament to why like I'm -- no matter what these utility corporations are going to do, like, even if they tried to do something better this time around, I don't trust them. Because, you know, they didn't even follow the weak, means-tested moratorium that was from September, you know, last week of September to mid-November.

You know, that was a -- that's a huge break in trust for me. I don't know how I'm going to trust them again, especially as we're heading into another wave of COVID cases like we saw last fall. I know I've said this before, but it's like -- it's deja vu. We're seeing it happen again, and we're just going to let it happen this time. And it's really frustrating to me. Like I'm -- I spent a lot of nights doing this and I'm a grad student. I'm already out of time to do things. So you know, but chronic fatigue is whatever, right? It's inherent of the working class. Whatever.

I apologize. I'm just angry and frustrated.

1 But the most recent data that I 2 pulled from Docket 20-0309, which includes Mount 3 Carmel disconnecting people, again. Fifty-four 4 people in March for non-payment. There have been 5 over 88,000 households disconnected; 2,500 again, as -- designated as low income since July 2020. 6 7 80,000 of those shutoffs happened between September 8 and November, and I would not doubt that if we were 9 to -- that if we have not had a, you know -- a 10 non-means-tested moratorium that wasn't -- not put 11 in place for a mid-November until March 31st, if we 12 did not have that non-means tested and complete 13 moratorium, we would have another 80,000 households 14 shut off. 15 And mind you, for two -- that's 16 about 2.5 people, what, per household? So we're 17 talking, like, well over a -- we're talking well 18 over, like, a million people here. So that's a 19 million people in just those three months. 20 And I don't know, we're given a limited amount of time. I wish I could point out 21

Bridges Court Reporting Page: 7

-- but like we're seeing huge disparity, too, in

like, shutoffs for race as well. Like this is just 1 2 a matter of racism playing out in real time. 3 60619, over 97 percent non-white, majority, black 4 and people of color, 1,423 shutoffs compared to, 5 like, 60618. Forty-three percent non-white, only 6 437 shutoffs. 7 I don't know what to do here. And 8 we're getting, we're running on fumes and if you 9 don't do something about it and have a non-means-tested moratorium again, things are going 10 11 to get bad. 12 Thank you for your time. 13 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Thank you. 14 Next Nicholis Hall. 15 MR. HALL: Hi. Can you hear me? 16 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: We can hear you. 17 MR. HALL: All right. My name is Nicholis 18 Hall. That's N-I-C-H-O-L-I-S H-A-L-L. I'm here 19 today representing Pekin -- Progressives of Pekin, 20 Illinois. 21 According to the Illinois 22 Department of Public Health, there were 2,219

opioid deaths in 2019 in Illinois. Currently, in
the Peoria area -- Peoria, Tazewell, and Woodford
County area, we're experiencing a surge of COVID
cases.

As of April 13, the seven-day average for COVID in cases in Illinois was 3,189. In June 2020, the CDC reported 13 percent of Americans had started increasing substance use as a way of coping with stress or emotions related to COVID-19. Overdoses have also spiked since the onset of the pandemic. The numbers for overdose deaths in 2020 have still not been fully reported. But I imagine the numbers are startling.

My community has a large number of people who are currently struggling with opioid use, or other drugs. This pandemic has placed people under intense stress from the very real threat of poor health and the death from the virus, to the economic hardships and the logistical challenges, the problems that school closures present, and increased isolation from social distancing. This increase in stress is breaking

people's mental health. It is only natural that
 people would use substances as a coping strategy.

The threat of utility shutoffs will only worsen this. When faced with utility shutoffs, our neighbors feel this as a threat, increased anxiety, depression, fear, and shame. If our neighbors lose power, they can be forced from their homes, they can be displaced into the next crisis. Social services and crisis intervention programs are already stretched thin as it is. And the burden will fall on their shoulders to pick up the slack from the inaction by this Commission.

The threat of disaster is barreling towards our neighbors, and you are standing by, twiddling your thumbs, denying people protection from landlords drooling at the thought of evicting their tenants. In Pekin, the city council decided to use a small, less overt \$447,000 in CBDG funding in a lottery system to give limited relief to their desperate neighbors. This money dried up almost instantaneously.

Over 900 people had their

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- utilities shut off during the means-tested 2 moratorium. This could only help a minimum of --3 this -- CBDG funding could only help a minimum of 447 people with a cap of \$1,000 per person. Our 4 5 neighbors, indeed, are still in dire need of 6 relief. People need help at this time, they need 7 protection.
  - If this Commission decides not to provide that relief in the form of a moratorium on utility shutoffs, then you're selling people out to the utility companies' executives. People will lose their housing, their children will lose days or weeks of school, parents may be reported for neglect, and our social services will be overwhelmed as people are thrust into another crisis. Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Thank you.

Ronald J. Hamm?

## BY RONALD HAMM:

MR. HAMM: That's me. Hi. My name is Ronald Hamm, that is R-O-N-A-L-D, Hamm, H-A-M-M. So all right.

do good for society.

So around this time last year, I was out on the street. I was helping people. I was marshaling get-togethers. I was marshaling markets. And one of the things that I had to do was chase looters away from businesses while we were doing that. That's because of discord. That is because the state that we are in is not conducive to people being good. People are

desperate. People are hurting. And that doesn't

And I'm hearing now, here in Springfield, there are already 800 people who have had their utilities shut off. And I'm trying -- there's me, and there's a whole community of people who's trying to keep people off the streets -- not like off the streets in, like -- I'm trying to keep them from going out in protest. I'm trying to not give them a reason to go out. And you're here, and you're making that harder? That's absurd.

And I feel like it's neglectful for you. It's neglectful. You're putting the businesses in the -- since you're the Commerce

Commission, you're putting the businesses in the area in danger. You're creating more unrest where there doesn't need to be more unrest. Where there is already too much unrest and it just boggles my mind.

I don't know. I just -- what harm would a moratorium do? What is the estimation that you're making that the chance that there could be wide-scale unrest and that you could contribute to it is less than the chance that maybe some people could get some relief? I don't understand how that decision process is being made and I feel like, maybe, it's being made wrongly.

I just -- we need as little reason for people to get out on the street because the COVID crisis is not over. There are not enough people -- I am to understand there are not enough people getting vaccinated. And it's just bad. It's bad everywhere.

I yield the rest of my time. I don't have anything else to say. Please consider the moratorium.

1 Thank you. CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: 2. Next, Eddie Pratt, Jr. 3 Second call for Eddie Pratt, Jr. 4 MR. PRATT: Can you hear me clear? 5 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Yes. We can hear you. 6 You may proceed, Mr. Pratt. 7 MR. PRATT: So this is my 3rd round of 8 talking to you people. Since then, a lot has 9 happened. You are at least mildly informed. 10 last time that I spoke, I alluded to what exactly 11 would transpire as it's all purely of your decision 12 to leave over a million people to the sake of 13 utilities that, apparently, just don't care. 14 In my city, in the last week, 15 we've already had six shootings. Now, I'm not sure 16 if you are really up to date on why these things 17 happen. But just as other people have already 18 alluded to, this is what happens when you put 19 people's backs against the wall and their stress 20 levels go to a point to where they feel themselves 21 in a fight or flight type of mindset. You are 22 forcing the hand of over 800,000 households across

the state. And the fruits of that are already starting to show.

And things are only bound to get worse, and it's an extremely sensitive time where people -- the people who are mostly going to be affected by this, are also the people who are mostly affected by both the Derek Chauvin trial, the death of a young black man at the hands of police. In the midst of all of this, you -- all this instability within our own communities because of a lack of financial ability to pay their bills. You're going to set people in a set of circumstances in which there will be blood on the streets and there already are.

My question to you. What is the worth of a human life? What is the worth of your morality? What is the worth of your integrity?

When you decided on April 1, of all days, April Fools' Day, to not extend this moratorium, you chose profit over people's lives.

And I want you to know that with every single COVID death that happens, of every single person that is

1 set out into the streets, that blood lays on the 2 hands of every single one of you that are on this 3 board today. 4 But you do have a chance to 5 rectify that. You do have a chance to limit what 6 is going to happen as we get into the summer 7 months. 8 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Mr. Pratt, that's 9 time. 10 MR. PRATT: And I beg for you --11 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Can you please spell 12 your name for the record? I apologize. I didn't 13 ask you to do that at the beginning. 14 MR. PRATT: My apologies. It's Eddie Pratt, 15 Jr., E-D-D-I-E P-R-A-T-T, Junior. 16 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Thank you. 17 Next is Kyle Auer. Kyle Auer, are 18 you on? 19 MR. AUER: Yeah. Can you hear me? 20 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Yes. Please state and 21 spell your name for the record, then you may begin. 22 Okay. My name is Kyle Auer, it's MR. AUER:

 $1 \mid K-Y-L-E A-U-E-R$ .

So The Intercept has an article about the harms that these shutoffs have had on housing in the State of Illinois. "Well, what we're seeing, anecdotally, is a real increase in utility debts," says John Howat, a senior energy analyst at the National Consumer Law Center. Howat said, "The utility shutoffs amount to de-housing people without it being counted as an eviction.

It's a pernicious way to harm people," he said.

It's one of the most subtle and least obvious threats that poses the most immediate risk to people's pandemic safety. There have been 205 shutoffs in the Normal-Illinois area alone. This has got to stop. We are still in a pandemic. We cannot keep doing this to people.

One in three people, ages 16 and over, in Illinois have been vaccinated, which clearly means that we have a long way to go before the majority are vaccinated in this state. And to top it all off, the Johnson & Johnson vaccine has also been withdrawn, which means there's even less

```
1
    availability of vaccines at the moment.
2
                     Why put people at risk, not only
3
    for, like, key housing but also for infections,
4
    illnesses, lack of basic necessities. Water is a
5
   human right. Having these utilities are a human
    right. Put people over profits. Because, in the
6
7
    end, the people will always prevail.
8
                     Thank you. I yield the rest of my
9
    time.
10
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Thank you.
11
                    Mr. Benjamin Theobald?
12
           MR. THEOBALD: Yes. Can you hear me?
13
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: We can hear you.
14
    Please state and spell your name, then you may
15
   begin.
16
           MR. THEOBALD: Sure. My name is Benjamin
17
    Theobald, B-E-N-J-A-M-I-N, last name Theobald,
18
    T-H-E-O-B-A-L-D.
19
                     I'm speaking up here to, again,
20
    request that you extend the moratorium on utility
21
    shutoff protections -- on utility shutoffs.
22
    reside in the city of Urbana, and we passed -- this
```

1 past Monday, the resolution -- the City Council 2 passed resolution 2021-04-07 -- resolution 3 declaring continued utility disconnection in 4 Illinois to be a pandemic safety risk. This is the 5 first Illinois -- Urbana is the first city to pass 6 a resolution such as this one in the state of 7 Illinois. I will just continue to the --9 therefore it be resolved by the City Council of the 10 City of Urbana as Illinois as follows. 11 Section 1: That there is a public 12 health emergency caused by the contagious COVID-19 13 virus pandemic. 14 Section 2: The public health 15 emergency is related to the COVID-19 virus, which 16 is causing, or anticipated to cause, continued 17 widespread impacts on the financial health of 18 members of the community. 19 Section 3: That the City of Urbana 20 calls on the Illinois Senate to pass HB2877, which would administer federal dollars directly to 21

Bridges Court Reporting Page: 19

housing and utility providers based on each

eligible household's financial needs, rather than
on a flat or fixed amount, as well as limited
foreclosures through January 31, 2021, and provide
the sealing of court filings pertaining to
evictions.

Section 4: That the City of Urbana to declare determination and disconnections of utility service by any utility provider, whether private, for-profit, non-profit, public or co-operative for failure to pay for such service constitutes a pandemic safety risk until we have reached at least herd immunity and appropriate the federal funds made available from HB2877.

Section 5: That the City of Urbana calls on the Illinois governor to enact a 30-day mandatory moratorium on utility disconnections for non-payment. The moratorium should be without means-testing. Now, as tasked by the city council on April 12, 2021, and it was approved by the mayor of Urbana on the 13th of April 20 of -- April 13th of two days ago.

I will say that the past seven

1 days, Illinois has had an average -- its COVID 2 numbers have increased on an average of 3,351. 3 April 14, their COVID numbers were 3,487, April 13, 3,189. The last time these numbers of COVID --4 5 that Illinois has seen these types of numbers was 6 October. 7 And I ask you, please extend the 8 moratorium and I will just end a quote with Abraham 9 Lincoln, "You cannot skip the responsibility of 10 tomorrow by evading it today." Thank you very 11 much. 12 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Thank you. 13 Sarah Blanco? 14 MS. BLANCO: Can you hear me? 15 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: We can hear you. 16 Please state and spell your name, then you may 17 begin. 18 MS. BLANCO: My name is Sarah Blanco. 19 That's Sarah, S-A-R-A-H, and Blanco, B-L-A-N-C-O. 20 And I'm representing the Champaign-Urbana branch 21 for the Party for Socialism and Liberation. 22 I'm going to talk about why

allowing utility shutoffs and particularly water shutoffs to resume is a dangerous decision, and why a moratorium on utility shutoffs is needed. I said a lot of this last month, before the moratorium on utility shutoffs expired, but since the Illinois Commerce Commission has chosen to allow them to resume, I guess I need to say it again.

Wash your hands. In the early months of the COVID-19 pandemic, this phrase was everywhere. From profile pictures to marquees on closed buildings, and of course, on every list of actions necessary to stop the spread of COVID-19. For washing hands in order to prevent the spread of COVID-19 and for so much more, water is essential for life. It is a basic human right.

However, water corporations such as Illinois American Water use this natural resource and basic necessity as a source of profit and have the power to cut off access to it for those who are unable to pay, putting all of us in danger.

Between October 2020 and February

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

1 2021, Illinois American Water cruelly and recklessly withheld running water from almost 3 12,000 households. Meanwhile, American Water has 4 been profiting more and more. Since the beginning of the pandemic, American Water's profits have only increased.

For Quarter 2 of 2020, American Water's profits per share increased 3.2 percent compared to Quarter 2 in 2019. For Quarter 3 of 2019 to Quarter 3 of 2020, the increase was 9.8 percent per share. And in Quarter 4 of 2020, as American Water denied water to thousands, their profits increased by 48 percent per share compared to Quarter 4 of 2019.

Water is a basic human right and denying access to it always presents a danger to public health, pandemic or no pandemic, but this is especially true during the pandemic. Just when we need to be more vigilant than ever about hand washing and need to stay home as much as we possibly can, the economic crisis is leaving Illinois residents unable to pay utility bills and

2.

1 facing shutoffs.

The Illinois Commerce Commission has a choice. They can go in a new direction, prioritize the health and safety of the people of Illinois and impose a mandatory non-means-tested moratorium on utility shutoffs, or they can choose not to act and allow utility shutoffs to continue, prioritizing American Water and other utilities' companies' pursuit of profit at any cost to human health and human lives.

In allowing utility shutoffs to resume, the Illinois Commerce Commission is inviting a public health disaster. Because American Water cannot be trusted to put the needs of people over the pursuit of profits, a mandatory non-means-tested moratorium on utility shutoffs is necessary.

Lives depend on it. All power to people.

CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Thank you.

Karla J. Bailey-Smith.

MS. BAILEY-SMITH: Thank you. My name is

- 1 Karla Bailey-Smith, K-A-R-L-A, last name
- $^{2}$  B-A-I-L-E-Y, hyphen, Smith.
- I live in Bloomington-Normal. And
- 4 I'm here to urge you to consider the human costs of
- 5 your decisions, past, present, and future.
- I want you to think of the people
- 7 that exist beyond these corporate decisions. Even
- 8 though people are getting back to work, many have
- been out of work for months. And while they may
- 10 have income now, catching up is going to take a
- 11 long time and will require federal money, used at
- 12 the state level, to help people pay back their rent
- and utilities, including helping the property
- 14 owners pay for their liabilities.
- We suffered 11 months of a Trump
- 16 administration that failed to address relief at all
- 17 levels. All over the state of Illinois, there are
- parents who have had to stay at home and provide
- 19 | full-time childcare, an oversight of remote-learned
- 20 schooling. So before you agree to utility
- 21 shutoffs, think of the single mom with a couple of
- young kids under the age of 10 who had no choice

other than to stay home to look after her children.

No real solutions were offered to folks like her.

and a kindergartner, who has attended remote school for a year now, and picture them without electricity or gas to heat their home or use their stove. These aren't just numbers in an accounting column. These are real people who will suffer, not only because of the decisions you make now but because of the inaction and the lack of long-term planning of the previous executive administration.

Instead of allowing moms and dads who've stopped working because they have to stay at home and take care of their children to become the victims, help them recover from this pandemic because it is the right thing to do, morally, and from a humanitarian viewpoint.

All religions talk about taking care of your neighbor and doing unto others.

Please do the right thing. It shouldn't have to happen to you for it to matter to you. Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Thank you.

2.

Zhenya Polozova.

MS. POLOZOVA: Hey, all. Can you hear me?

CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: We can hear you.

MS. POLOZOVA: Great. My name is Zhenya Polozova. The spelling is Z-H-E-N-Y-A P-O-L-O-Z-O-V-A. I'm speaking on the behalf of Food & Water Watch. Since March 2020, hundreds of localities in many states took strong action to

suspend water shutoffs, but Illinois hasn't, and that's had disastrous consequences.

For example, from just October to February, Illinois American Water and Aqua Illinois have shut off 13,523 households, which is an estimated 3500 people who have lost water access during just those few months. This patchwork of protections in the United States has left millions of people vulnerable to service disruptions due to an inability to pay water bills during the pandemic and the resulting economic crisis.

To ensure that Illinois residents are protected, I'm here to echo what everyone else has said here today and urge the ICC to extend the

utility shutoff moratorium until after the pandemic is over. And I'm sharing new research here today that shows a strong connection between water service shutoff and increased COVID-19 rates.

Food & Water Watch and Cornell
University found that a nationwide water shutoff
moratorium would have saved more than 9,000 lives
and prevented nearly half a million people from
being infected with COVID through the end of 2020.

The study finds that states with full shutoff moratoria, the growth rates for COVID-19 infections and deaths were significantly lower, and had these shutoff protections been in place nationally, it may have reduced the total COVID-19 cases by four percent, and the death rate by 5.5 percent in the 41 states without a full coverage of the moratorium, between April 17, 2020, and December 31, 2020, and that includes Illinois.

And with emerging variants of the virus that causes COVID-19, it's so crucial that we ensure access to water services to continue to help slow the spread of the virus, prevent worsening

1 infection rates, and literally, save lives. And we 2 urge the Illinois Commerce Commission to put people 3 over profit and protect people from shutoffs. 4 And I'll post this study in the 5 chat now. Thank you. 6 Thank you. CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: 7 Priscilla Resendiz. 8 MS. RESENDIZ: My name is Priscilla 9 It's P-R-I-S-C-I-L-L-A R-E-S-E-N-D-I-Z. Resendiz. 10 I'm here as a representative of the Lake Front DSA. 11 I'm here before you in solidarity 12 with the many individuals and organizations who are 13 asking you for a moratorium on utility shutoffs. 14 The residents of the state are counting on you to 15 protect their welfare, especially in the midst of a 16 global pandemic. As many of the commenters before 17 me have addressed, we are facing unprecedented 18 poverty, illness, and death. 19 You have reminded us time and 20 again that those in need should apply with these utility companies for financial hardship 21 22 assistance. I don't know that any of you have

faced the gut-wrenching decision of having to choose between your bills, and if you have, I'm asking you to recall that stress. How do you choose between your water, your electricity, your food?

When you're faced with this insecurity and quickly depleting savings, it is overwhelming to navigate unemployment insurance applications, and financial hardship applications, and refinancing applications -- exhausting to facilitate virtual learning for your children, and virtually impossible to balance your and your family's emotional well-being on top of basic needs.

I am calling on you to remove this burden from families and individuals who are struggling to survive. No amount of money is worth more than human life. Please do not ignore the basic needs of the people you serve. We are struggling, we are desperate, and we will remember your choice. Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Thank you.

```
1
                    Next, Emiliano Vera.
2.
                    Second call for Emiliano Vera.
3
                    (No verbal response.)
4
    Okay.
           Next, Allan Max Axelrod.
5
                         Hello. Can you hear me?
           MR. AXELROD:
6
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: We can hear you.
7
           MR. AXELROD: All right. My name is Allan
8
   Max Axelrod, A-L-L-A-N M-A-X A-X-E-L-R-O-D. I'm
9
    the campaign lead from No Ameren Shutoffs, a
10
    zero-dollar, all-volunteer grassroots coalition of
11
    51 member organizations and counting, spanning the
    state of Illinois north and south, east and west.
12
13
                     The last time we spoke, you
14
    congratulated yourselves for the weakened
15
   protections that are putting Illinoisans at risk.
16
    So I would like to, in turn, congratulate you for
17
   your coverage in the Washington Post today. See,
    the Washington Post ended up covering the fact that
18
    the last time that utility protections were this
19
20
   weak, over 72,000 Illinoisan households were
21
    failed.
             By you.
22
                     So the question that we have
```

day, is your memory.

- before you today, in this once-in-a-lifetime

  pandemic, is how do you want to be remembered? How

  do you want kids' book reports on this

  life-changing event to remember you? Because

  that's all you're going to have at the end of the
  - The Chicago Teachers Union was supposed to have their high school teachers go back to work this week, but due to the increase in COVID pandemic caseload -- again, we've had only one day below 2,000 cases since March 24, and the nine -- or the seven-day average of coronavirus cases is neck and neck with Texas, a state with over twice our population.

When will you do the right thing?

How many bipartisan units of government need to
advocate before you will? Because the City of

Urbana is bipartisan. There is a Republican cop,
who hates my living guts, who understood that it
was more in the interest of the community to pass a
resolution than to continue a feud with an
activist.

1	When will you do the right thing?
2	The other aspect that we have to
3	keep in mind is that these debts will take a long
4	time to pay back. Back in September, it took a
5	family three weeks to catch up on their utility
6	bills. I recommend that every one of the
7	Commissioners here read the Washington Post story
8	today and decide whether or not you want to have
9	Illinoisans relive those experiences.
10	And there is one person in
11	particular that I'd like to quote from there. "You
12	have some effing nerve shutting us off during a
13	pandemic." Have a good day.
14	CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Thank you,
15	Mr. Axelrod.
16	Next, Krystle Able.
17	Second call for Krystle Able.
18	(No verbal response.)
19	CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Next, Jessica
20	Motsinger.
21	Jessica Motsinger.
22	(No verbal response.)

1	CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Next, Dat Luu.
2	MR. LUU: I'm here. Can you hear me?
3	CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: We can hear you.
4	Please state and spell your name, then you may
5	proceed.
6	MR. LUU: My name is Dat Luu, D-A-T L-U-U.
7	I'm here to represent the University of Illinois at
8	Urbana-Champaign's Young Democratic Socialists of
9	America. I want to reiterate the statements of the
10	other speakers made today, namely the current
11	policy in place to allow for utility shutoffs to
12	occur during a pandemic is a horrific travesty.
13	That since this day has been allowed to take place,
14	countless lives have been condemned to death.
15	This is not an unchangeable trend.
16	This body can change this. You have the ability to
17	do the right thing.
18	A resolution will be introduced to
19	Illinois student government by their sitting
20	president regarding utility shutoffs next week. If
21	the student body of the University of Illinois at
22	Urbana-Champaign is not already aware of this

```
1
   humanitarian disaster happening to the very state
2
    that they are in, they will very soon. I do not
3
    even speak of the other students of all ages who
    cannot learn when their lives at risk due to the
4
5
   utility shutoffs.
6
                     I implore the Illinois Commerce
7
   Commission to assume the responsibility that you
8
    took when you became public officials that work for
9
    the public. Thank you.
10
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Thank you.
11
                    Mark Girdler.
12
                    Second call for Mark Girdler.
13
                    (No verbal response.)
14
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Whitney Proffitt.
15
                    Second call for Whitney Proffitt.
16
                    (No verbal response.)
17
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Cameron Joseph
18
    Williams.
19
           MR. WILLIAMS: Hello. Can you hear me?
20
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: We can hear you,
21
   Mr. Williams. Please state and spell your name.
22
           MR. WILLIAMS: My name is Cameron Williams,
```

- C-A-M-E-R-O-N W-I-L-I-A-M-S. I am here
  representing the Central Illinois Democratic
  Socialists of America.
  - I'm here to also show my support for the utility shutoff moratorium. To shut off people's power and water during a pandemic is irrehensible. It is disgusting. Pandemics don't come along every day. We haven't seen a pandemic to this extent in decades. I mean, I think the last one that was to this extent was the Spanish Flu, and we know how long ago that was. So we don't have this moment in time to do the right thing every day, every year, every decade. This is our time.

This is your time to do the right thing during a global pandemic and stop people from losing their power which is -- as we all know is an essential part of living nowadays, even more so than it ever has been. The Internet is integrated into every single aspect of our lives. To shut off people's power during this time is, like I said, irrehensible, and I just -- I agree -- I want to

reiterate everything that everybody who has talked today has said about the millions of lives that are being lost due to COVID-19, continue to be lost to this day, and the thousands of people who are losing their power and suffering more than they ever should have during a pandemic where they already are suffering more than they ever should have.

And Illinois needs to do the right thing. I used to believe, months ago, because I read plenty of data that Illinois was leading the country in handling the COVID-19 pandemic. We had some of the lowest cases in the entire country. I think we were second, maybe even first, there, for a while. But now, you know, we -- there are 14 active states that have a COVID-19 utility moratorium that, you know, I can name them off -- Washington, California, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Maine, Arkansas, Virginia, more and more of them, but the biggest one that really caught my eye was Texas.

Texas has a utility shutoff

1 moratorium. And we all know that Texas was the 2 last state to give up their slaves, so in my 3 opinion, they are the most morally bankrupt state 4 that exists in the country, but we are losing and 5 falling behind to Texas. 6 And it is a shame. We should be 7 completely ashamed of ourselves. Put a moratorium 8 in place, keep it going. Be better than Texas. Lead the pack on utility shutoffs and do the right 9 10 thing. Thank you. 11 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Thank you. 12 Finally, David Zoltan. 13 MR. ZOLTAN: Are you recording me? 14 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Mr. Zoltan? 15 MR. ZOLTAN: Yes. Thank you. My name is 16 David Zoltan, D-A-V-I-D Z-O-L-T-A-N. 17 I'm sorry. Can you hear me? 18 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: We can hear you. 19 There's a little bit of back feed behind you, but 20 we can hear your voice. 21 MR. ZOLTAN: There's nothing on my end. Ιt

Bridges Court Reporting Page: 38

might be one of the other folks that might be --

but I'll go ahead and get started.

Thank you to the Commission for hearing me today. I appreciate the opportunity to speak to you. Well, I am a housing activist and advocate across the state and across the nation, and work with groups such as the Chicago Housing Justice League as well as many other organizations around the state. I come to you as an individual today, one who has been directly and personally impacted himself.

I am one of the homeless. I have been struggling for the last five years here in Chicago to hold my head above water. At this time I am on disability because of that homeless period where I lost my leg. And my disability check comes in at just \$14 over my rent. As you can imagine, paying my utilities is not just difficult, it is impossible.

And while I appreciate the efforts of the Commission that has tried to put forth -- and I have no doubt that you are all doing what you believe to be the best for Illinois. I can tell

you from personal experience, it is not enough. I have reached out and I have -- we see, now, that help is ending as we speak. And to hear that there is going to be a lapse in the moratorium is deeply frightening to me and to many others across the state.

In January of this year, the National Bureau of Economic Research released Working Paper 28394, which showed definitively that on a state-by-state basis, they were able to show that the eviction moratoriums that were in place reduced deaths by 11 percent and the utility moratoria that were in place reduced deaths by 7.4 percent.

By the current numbers of deaths that we're experiencing here in Illinois, that means an additional two deaths, per day, that we will face as Illinoisans. And I ask you, can you write two names of people in your lives that you would wish to see die by COVID, and in the horrible, horrible ways that COVID afflicts people to their end?

1 And if you can't do that, per day, 2 that we go without a moratorium until we hit herd 3 immunity and we have protection from this virus, 4 then if you ask anyone in Illinois, say, we have 5 nearly 45,000 utility shutoffs already here in 6 Chicago, one in four in the state, nearly 1,000 in 7 Decatur, around 1,000 in Springfield. These people need your help and I implore you. 8 9 You've heard the passionate pleas 10 of those before me, you've heard my own, and I ask 11 you to act on your best instincts, to do your best, 12 and to protect the people of Illinois. Ensure that 13 housing is a human right, water is a human right, 14 and that we do everything we can for Illinois. 15 Thank you. 16 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Thank you, Mr. Zoltan. 17 This concludes our requests to 18 speak, so we are going to move on to our agenda. 19 We're moving on to our Public 20 Utilities Agenda. 21 There are no minutes to approve. 22 Under the Electric Items. Items E-1

```
1
    and E-2 concern investigations into Liberty Power's
2
    and Switch Energy's, sales, solicitation,
3
   marketing, and reporting practices. Commission
4
    staff indicated potential violations of the
5
    Commission Rules and recommended that the
6
    Commission initiate these proceedings. The orders
7
    initiate the proceedings to investigate and impose
8
    sanctions if warranted. Are there any objections
9
    to considering these items together and approving
10
    the orders?
11
                    (No verbal response.)
12
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the
13
    orders are approved.
14
                     Item E-3 concerns ComEd's
15
   reconciliation of revenues collected under Rider
16
   UF, or Uncollectible Factors, for the period of
   June 1, 2018, through May 31, of 2019. The order
17
18
    approves the reconciliation as reflected in the
19
   appendix to the order, finding that the costs were
20
   prudently incurred. Are there any objections to
21
   approving the order?
22
                    (No verbal response.)
```

1 Hearing none, the CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: 2 order is approved. 3 Item E-4 concerns Docket 20-0310, 4 which is a moratorium on in-person marketing of 5 services by alternative retail electric suppliers 6 during the Public Health Emergency. The Fifth 7 Interim Order grants Staff's March 11, 2021, motion 8 for modification of the Commission's March 18, 9 2021, emergency order to allow for in-store 10 marketing and appointment-based solicitation of 11 non-residential customers. 12 The order also grants Liberty 13 Power's March 12, 2021, motion to allow in-person 14 solicitation subject to the conditions set forth in 15 the order. The Sixth Interim Order grants the 16 request by Vistra Retailers for modification of the 17 Emergency Order to allow in-person 18 appointment-based solicitations of non-residential customers, except for small commercial retail 19 20 customers, consistent with the Commission's 21 decision on March 4 of 2021.

Bridges Court Reporting Page: 43

I'm going to call a role for this

```
1
           If you are in favor of approving the Fifth
    vote.
2
    and Sixth Interim Order, please say, "Aye," if you
3
    are opposed, please say, "Nay."
4
                    Commissioner Bocanegra?
5
           COMMISSIONER BOCANEGRA:
                                     Aye.
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Commissioner Kimbrel?
6
7
           COMMISSIONER KIMBREL: Aye.
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Commissioner Carrigan?
9
           COMMISSIONER CARRIGAN:
                                    Aye.
10
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: I vote, "Aye."
    four ayes have it, and the orders are approved.
11
12
                     Item E-5 concerns Docket 20-0575.
13
    This is a complaint against ComEd regarding billing
14
    and services in Rockford, Illinois. The parties
15
    filed a motion to dismiss the complaint, noting
16
    that all matters in the dispute have been resolved
17
    and requesting that the Commission dismiss the
    complaint with prejudice. Are there any objections
18
19
    to granting the motion to dismiss?
20
                    (No verbal response.)
21
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the
   motion to dismiss is granted.
22
```

1 Item E-6 confirms a citation 2 against Crossfire Utility Services for failure to 3 file a compliance recertification report. Staff 4 filed a motion to dismiss, indicating that the 5 company is now in compliance and requested that 6 this proceeding will be dismissed with prejudice. 7 Are there any objections to granting the motion to 8 dismiss? 9 (No verbal response.) 10 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the motion to dismiss is granted. 11 Item E-7 concerns an application 12 13 for a Certificate to Install, Maintain, and Repair 14 Electric Vehicle Charging Stations. The order 15 grants the certificate, finding that the Applicant 16 meets the requirements. Are there any objections 17 to approving the order? 18 (No verbal response.) 19 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the 20 order is approved. 21 Item E-8 concerns an application 22 for certification to operate as an installer of

1 distributed generation facilities in Illinois. The 2 order grants the certificate, finding that the 3 Applicant meets the requirements. Are there any 4 objections to approving the order? 5 (No verbal response.) 6 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the 7 order is approved. 8 Item E-9 concerns the petition to 9 cancel a Certificate to Operate as an Agent, 10 Broker, or Consultant. Petitioner no longer conducts business in Illinois. The order grants 11 12 the petition to cancel the certificate. Are there 13 any objections to approving the order? 14 (No verbal response.) 15 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the 16 order is approved. 17 Items E-10 through E-14 concern 18 petitions to cancel Certificates of Service 19 Authority to Install Energy Efficiency Measures. The orders cancel the certificates. Are there any 20 21 objections to considering these items together and 22 approving the orders?

2.

(No verbal response.)

CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the orders are approved.

Under our Gas Items. Item G-1 concerns Docket 20-0311, which is a moratorium on in-person marketing and services by alternative gas suppliers during the Public Health Emergency. The Third Interim Order grants Staff's March 11, 2021, motion for modification of Commission's March 18, 2021, Emergency Order, allowing AGS to resume in-store marketing and appointment-based solicitation of non-residential customers, except for small commercial customers, subject to the conditions set forth in the order.

The Fourth Interim Order grants the request by the visitor retails for modification of the Emergency Order to allow in-person appointment-based solicitations of non-residential customers except for small commercial customers, consistent with the Commission's decision on March 4, 2021.

I am going to call a roll on this

```
1
    vote as well. If you are in favor of approving the
2
    Third and Fourth Interim Order, please say, "Aye,"
3
    and if you are opposed, please say, "Nay."
4
                    Commissioner Bocanegra?
5
           COMMISSIONER BOCANEGRA:
                                     Aye.
6
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Commissioner Carrigan?
7
           COMMISSIONER CARRIGAN:
                                    Aye.
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Commissioner Kimbrel?
           COMMISSIONER KIMBREL: Aye.
10
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: I vote, "Aye." The
    four ayes have it and the orders are approved.
11
12
                     Item G-2 concerns Docket 20-0425,
13
   which is a complaint against Peoples Gas as to
14
   billing. The Commission finds that the complainant
15
    failed to show that she was billed improperly. The
16
    order denies the complaint. Are there any
17
    objections to approving the order?
18
                     (No verbal response.)
19
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the
20
    order is approved.
21
                      Item G-3 concerns MidAmerican's
22
   petition for Commission's approval to enter into a
```

1 contract with an affiliated interest. MidAmerican 2 intends to enter into a firm natural gas 3 distribution agreement with Cordova Energy Company. 4 The order grants the petition, finding that the 5 petition is consistent with the requirements of the 6 Public Utilities Act and is in the public interest 7 subject to reporting requirements contained in the 8 order. Are there any objections to you approving 9 the order? 10 (No verbal response.) 11 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the 12 order is approved. 13 Item G-4 concerns an application 14 for certification to operate as an alternative gas 15 supplier. The order grants the certificate, 16 finding that the Applicant meets the requirements. 17 Are there any objections to approving the order? 18 (No verbal response.) 19 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the 20 order is approved. 21 Item G-5 concerns Nicor Gas's 22 petition to approve, on less than 45 days' notice

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

1 and without suspension, a tariff governing 2 uncollectible expense adjustments. The Commission 3 staff recommends granting the special permission, 4 noting that the proposed revision to Rider 26 are 5 consistent with the agreement reached by the 6 parties in Docket 20-0309. The revisions will 7 allow Nicor to provide credit to eligible customers 8 in the form of Bill Payment Assistant Grants.

I'm going to call a role on this vote. If you are in favor of granting the special permission, please say, "Aye," and if you are opposed, please say, "Nay."

Commissioner Bocanegra?

COMMISSIONER BOCANEGRA: Chair, I'm going to be voting, "Aye," today, but for the record, this will be a concurrence, and I have some remarks from the bench when you are all ready.

CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: You can go ahead and make your comments now if you're ready.

COMMISSIONER BOCANEGRA: Sure. Thank you.

Let me pull up my screen here. I apologize. All
right. So I will try to be brief. I know people

1 have to travel back home today.

So I have to say, first, while I concur in the outcome of this docket, that is the creation of a Bill Payment Assistance Program, I disagree with the path and the strained methodology employed to get there.

Before I begin, I want to start by first saying that I commend Nicor, our utilities, and those stakeholders that were able to, and could afford to participate, in the underlying moratorium docket. You have all done your best to rise to the occasion and to do right by the citizens of Illinois. I know that these decisions are not easy, and they're not easily achieved, but I commend the creation of a much-needed Bill Payment Assistance Program.

Second, I want to be clear that in balancing the interests of all, I have always tried to be a proponent of erring on the side of caution on behalf of all of our ratepayers during these challenging times. It was I who was the lone vote, the lone to central last year, when my colleagues

voted in favor of lifting portions of the moratorium docket, despite the Commission's wide latitude and discretion to have done otherwise.

Third, I want to clarify that my prior vote in the underlying moratorium docket approving the parties stipulations was as to just that; the agreement for a Bill Payment Assistance Program, not an agreement to what I believe is circumventing what the law requires. So it's against this backdrop I want to share a summary of some of the legal and policy concerns I have on behalf of the public today.

So Section 19-145, which deals with the automatic adjustment clause, commonly referred to in this instance as "the uncollectible rider." In particular, this statute provides, and I quote, "The utility shall apply the appropriate credit or charge over a twelve-month period, beginning with the June billing period and ending with the May billing period."

Here, the problem becomes that the utility is not doing what the statute says it must

do. There is no appropriate credit. There's no
twelve-month spread, and I fail to see how any
other readings suggest that this is optional and
that funds can be diverted elsewhere.

This is problematic as suggesting, for example, applying excess edicts to uncollectibles. There is no strained reading under any circumstances that suggest this is optional and or that we should shortcut other available legal methods for accomplishing the same results.

Further, the statute provides that "Charges and credit under the tariff shall be allocated to the appropriate customer class or classes." In this particular docket today, this does away with such allocation and instead allocates it elsewhere.

I want to talk about the lack of

-- or excuse me, the risks and the lack of

regulatory oversight for a moment. This statute

also states that "The Commission shall verify that

the utility collect no more and no less than its

actual uncollectible amount." It goes on to say

that, "The Commission shall review the prudence and reasonableness of the utilities' actions to pursue minimization and collection of uncollectibles, which shall include," -- and of course, the statute goes onto list a litany of factors.

So I ask us, what is the oversight? What are we really reviewing at this point? Are we reviewing the prudent estimate of uncollectibles or an estimation of monies needed to fund a program? With this questionable framework, those six factors mean absolutely nothing. What's the purpose of these factors if we're just going to ignore them? This is contrary to many of the stated concerns of this state, including the oft-stated desire to exercise more control over utility regulation.

When the utility is free to simply take funds owed to all ratepayers, the utility is not incentivized to reasonably estimate its anticipated uncollectibles because it knows and it is guaranteed that those funds will be reallocated. So again, what is the oversight? What are we

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

1 really reviewing?

interest owed.

2. And should a utility

3 overestimate, it would not matter, either, as 4 those funds would never be returned to ratepayers, and instead be placed into some program without any

The Commission has repeatedly expressed concern over the utility's lack of effort in minimizing uncollectibles, and this all but quarantees no effort at all. Indeed, it was Chair Zalewski's office who suggested greater enforcement was needed into examining whether utilities were doing all that they could under 19-145.

Those very concerns, indeed, and rightfully so, serve the basis for a notice of inquiry on affordability shortly thereafter. This path all but does away with the need to examine any of those factors or the concerns raised.

I want to talk quickly about the problem with single-issue rate making. So Illinois courts have held that statutorily or

Commission-approved automatic adjustment clauses,

riders, or trackers are not considered single-issue rate making. But that is not the case here. By doing an end run around around what Section 19-145 requires, we're no longer dealing with the true automatic adjustment clause, and instead, the reality is, is we're just engaging in single-issue rate-making.

And let's talk about the precedent this is setting. Permitting such unauthorized use of this rider sets a precedent for utilities and other stakeholders to use these funds from potentially a variety of other riders for something other than what the law says. While it's laudable, the parties are rightfully attempting to address the potentially mounting arrearages accumulated and owed as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Using an automatic adjustment clause that is statutorily meant to recover or return money owed to utilities or ratepayers, respectively, once that clause is invoked is plainly contrary to what the statute permits.

So what are the alternatives?

Instead, in my opinion, utilities should be filing under Section 9201. And if the policy concern here is that this sets precedence for utilities to offer new or additional programs, rates, or tariffs, or terms of service, then that should be a concern for our legislature who is responsible for enacting our state's laws, including the section allowing for that in the first place.

Do we not want our utilities to file proper petitions that are innovative and appropriate under certain circumstances? In my opinion, this Bill Payment Assistance Program should have been filed under 9201 or some other equally viable statute. And if the concern was the length of such a proceeding like that, then these sophisticated parties who were able to participate in the moratorium docket had over one year's worth of a pandemic to start that process.

Section 9201, or similar statutes, would allow for full public participation. And if the concern was that this path would take too long, the same observation applies; this should have

began earlier. And this is not to suggest, at all, that the negotiations in the moratorium docket were unfair, or closed, or biased in any way. Arguably, however, I see a general problem with the lack of smaller parties whose ability to participate in Commission processes and dockets, which presents access and equity issues, in my opinion.

In addition, we just heard from 19 individuals and or organizations who clearly may not feel they were represented adequately in those moratorium proceedings. Either way, that is the rough analysis and, in fact, it's a red herring. The question is not whether the moratorium docket was open to all and whether it was fair. Since when do we look at other dockets to determine whether public access and participation were met in other dockets? Instead, the question is, and should be, whether this docket today, the one that we're voting on, is truly open and fair to all.

Just because the moratorium docket was open, it does not mean that this path, in this case, today, is also that same way. Any other

obvious alternative is to simply return the money
as required and proceed with a new petition.

And lastly, I want to touch on policy. I know I've already stated a litany of reasons, from a policy perspective, of why we should be concerned, but I want to emphasize that if the only lens at which we are to examine such proposals is purely legal, that is whether this never-before-seen path passes constitutional muster, then we are falling short of our duties.

There are serious policy implications behind that, that this outcome chooses to ignore. The fear and/or failure to examine all of the implications of our work is a disservice to the public interest, a disservice to the people of the State of Illinois, and to ratepayers who will have seen no transparent explanation of why they will not be getting a refund on their bills for over-collected uncollectibles, or why they will not be seeing a line-item surcharge for a Bill Payment Assistance Program.

And you may find yourself asking,

"Well, if this is a one-time thing," -- and according to, of course, the petition today, it is a one-time thing. But I urge you to strongly consider that even one time should be concerning and alarming to all of us. Please indulge me as I share with you the implications of going down this path just one time.

First, this means that this gesture for a Bill Payment Assistance Program will be just that. It's one time. Do not expect additional assistance, despite this Commission's repeated concerns around this issue.

Second, because this is one time, this, in my opinion, furthers my concern that this is, in fact, statutorily not permissible.

Otherwise, why not just make this a permanent

program?

Third, this sets dangerous precedents. I've already said the lack of public participation on less than 45 days' notice with these types of filings, we are inviting additional funneling of funds, potentially, on other riders.

```
1
   And I've mentioned that discouraging filings, for
2
    example, under 9201 which are often the best path
3
    for utilities to consider, develop, and propose
4
    new, perhaps innovative solutions to our most
5
   pressing problems, concerns or issues.
6
                     And so with that said, I just want
7
    to be clear. I am in favor of today's Bill Payment
8
   Assistance Program. I just disagree with the way
   we're getting there. So I will be voting, "Aye,"
9
10
   with the concurrence. Thank you.
11
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Thank you,
12
   Commissioner.
13
                    Continuing with the roll-call,
14
   Commissioner Carrigan?
15
           COMMISSIONER CARRIGAN:
                                   Aye.
16
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Commissioner Kimbrel?
17
           COMMISSIONER KIMBREL: Aye.
18
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: I vote, "Aye." So the
19
    four ayes have it with Commissioner Bocanegra
20
    concurring for her reasons stated, and the special
21
   permission is granted.
22
                    Under our Telecommunications Items.
```

1 Items T-1 through T-4 concern requests for 2 proprietary treatment of information in the 3 petitioner's reports. The orders grant the 4 protections, finding that the information is highly 5 proprietary and confidential. Are there any objections to considering these items together and 6 7 approving the orders? (No verbal response.) 9 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the 10 orders are approved. 11 Under our Water and Sewer Items. 12 Item W-1 concerns Docket 20-0413, which is a 13 complaint against Illinois American as to billing. 14 The order denies the complaint, finding that the 15 complainant failed to show that Illinois American 16 had improperly charged him for water usage. Are 17 there any objections to approving the order? 18 (No verbal response.) 19 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the 20 order is approved. 21 Under our Miscellaneous Items. Item 22 M-1 concerns an investigation of Realgy Energy's

real-time settlement charges to areas and AGS customers. The order initiates the investigation to determine if charges are permissible under the terms of the contracts with the customers and if the company solicitation and marketing practices are consistent with the Commission Rules. Are there any objections to approving the order?

(No verbal response.)

CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the order is approved.

Item M-2 concerns a notice of inquiry regarding extreme weather preparedness. In mid-February of this year, severe weather caused electric and national gas outages in the U.S. south-central region. Natural gas processing plants and compressor stations across the region reportedly were forced to shut down or perform maintenance as liquids froze inside pipes and compressors, dramatically reducing output in the region.

This reduction in supply was coupled with an increase in demand for home heating

and by gas, fire, and electric generators, causing sharp increase in energy prices. With this notice of inquiry, the Commission is now seeking additional information, particularly from entities that are not subject to the Commission's jurisdiction, on steps taken, or that can be taken, to ensure that all reasonable efforts are employed in Illinois to prevent widespread outages and extreme energy price increases, especially during extreme weather events. Are there any objections to approving and initiating the notice of inquiry?

(No verbal response.)

CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the notice of inquiry is approved.

Item M-3 concerns an application for state-issued authorization to provide cable service. The order dismisses the proceeding for want of prosecution, finding that the Applicant failed to file a complete application and also failed to file an amended application that cures the deficiencies. Are there any objections to approving the order?

2.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

(No verbal response.)

CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the order is approved.

Under the Petitions for Rehearing. Item PR-1 concerns the petition for rehearing in Docket 20-0426 which is Ameren's proposed creation of Rider Modernization Action Plan Reconciliation, or Rider MAPR. On April 5, 2021, CUB, IIEC, and AG filed a joint application for rehearing. Petitioners arque that the Commission's interpretation of the Public Utilities Act is contrary to the plain language of the statute. The Petitioners argue that AIC is not authorized under the law to reconcile costs for periods after December 31 of 2022, and that there is no need for the Commission to approve Rider MAPR at this time.

The administrative law judge notes that the petitioners reiterate the same legal and policy arguments that were considered and rejected by the order, and raise no new argument or interpretations of the Act that would require rehearing. Are there any objections to denying the

```
1
    application for rehearing?
2.
                     (No verbal response.)
3
                                  Hearing none, the
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI:
4
    application for rehearing is denied.
5
                    Under Other Business.
                                            Item 0-1
6
    concerns April 2021 solicitations to Bids to Sell
7
    Zonal Resource Credits to Ameren. Are there any
8
    objections to approving the procurement
9
    administrator's recommendations on selection of
   winning bids?
10
11
                     (No verbal response.)
12
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the
13
    recommendations are approved.
14
                     Item 0-2 concerns approvals of
   batches, contracts, and confirmations under the
15
16
    Illinois Adjustable Block Program. Are there any
    objections to approving the program administrator's
17
18
    submissions?
19
                    (No verbal response.)
20
           CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Hearing none, the
21
    submissions are approved.
22
                    This concludes our Public Utilities
```

1 Agenda. 2. Judge Teague-Kingsley, do we have 3 any other matters to come before the Commission 4 today? 5 THE COURT: No, Madam Chairman. CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: Do commissioners have 6 7 any other business to discuss? 8 (No verbal response.) 9 CHAIRWOMAN ZALEWSKI: I just want to 10 reiterate, for the customers that the ICC regulates 11 that are part of the agreement in Docket 20-0309, 12 namely Ameren-Illinois, ComEd, Nicor Gas, 13 People's Gas, NorthStar Gas, Aqua Illinois, 14 Illinois American Water and Utility Services of Illinois, if you receive a disconnection notice in 15 16 the coming weeks, we urge you to act quickly and 17 call your utility. 18 If you call your utility before getting shut off and work out a deferred payment 19 20 arrangement with the utility, you will not be shut off from service. By engaging with your utility, 21

Bridges Court Reporting Page: 67

you can check to see if you qualify for bill

payment assistance to reduce what you owe in arrearages and help enroll in an extended deferred payment arrangement.

These are unprecedented consumer protections laid out in the stipulated agreement that was agreed to by all parties, acknowledging that people are still struggling during this time. The most important thing to do is to call before being disconnected. The utility companies are expecting calls from consumers experiencing difficulty paying their bills.

I want to remind of a couple of resources currently available. First, the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity in partnership with Governor Pritzker is offering the, "Help Illinois Families Initiative," providing home energy assistance relief to eligible Illinoisans through the month of May. To learn about this program or to enroll in LIHEAP, please visit the DCO's website.

The LIHEAP hot-line is (877)
411-WARM, or 9276. The ICC Commission stands ready

```
1
    to assist customers to navigate their options.
                                                      The
2
    ICC has both English and Spanish-speaking consumer
3
    service counselors who can help you file a
4
    complaint Monday through Friday from 8:30 to 5:00.
5
    The number is (800) 524-0795.
6
                     There's also additional
7
    information on the ICC website, which is
8
    ICC.Illinois.gov. Under the consumer's tab, we've
9
    added a flier with all this important information
10
    and included direct numbers to the Utility Consumer
11
    Services.
12
                    Without other comments and without
13
    objection, the meeting is now adjourned.
                                                Thank
14
   you.
15
                     (WHEREUPON, the above-entitled
16
                     matter was adjourned.)
17
18
19
20
21
22
```